

Exhibit 1

Proposed First Amended Complaint

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA**

CASE NO. 1:19-CV-593

ZION WILLIAMSON,

Plaintiff,

v.

PRIME SPORTS MARKETING, LLC, and
GINA FORD,

Defendants.

**FIRST AMENDED
COMPLAINT**

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Zion Williamson, by and through his attorneys, for his First Amended Complaint against Defendants Prime Sports Marketing, LLC (“Prime Sports”) and Gina Ford (collectively, “Defendants”) hereby alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE CLAIMS

1. Floridians Gina Ford and Prime Sports came to North Carolina beginning in approximately early January 2019, seeking to cash in on a supremely talented collegiate student-athlete, Zion Williamson. After initiating a multitude of contacts with Mr. Williamson and his family, Defendants, on April 20, 2019, entered the state for the sole purpose of signing Mr. Williamson to a “marketing agent agreement.” This agreement contained draconian terms, such as that it purports not to be terminable for any reason for five years, and thereafter is terminable by Mr. Williamson only “for cause.” Moreover, in

flagrant disregard of their clear obligations under North Carolina law, Defendants chose not to inform Mr. Williamson that, by signing their draconian marketing agent agreement, he would immediately forfeit his remaining eligibility as a collegiate athlete.

2. In an effort to entice Mr. Williamson to choose Defendants to represent him, Defendants also made numerous misrepresentations to portray Ms. Ford as a highly successful and experienced marketing agent with the requisite expertise to maximize Mr. Williamson's "brand." Ms. Ford held herself out as the "lead global brand marketer" for the sprinter and Olympic athlete Usain Bolt, and other highly successful athletes, failing to portray honestly the limited scope of her work for some of the athletes, and misrepresenting the existence of a business relationship with others.

3. Fortunately, the North Carolina General Assembly had the foresight in 2003 to enact legislation to prohibit individuals and their businesses, like these Defendants, from seeking to exploit the State's pool of talented young men and women. Specifically, the General Assembly enacted legislation to protect Mr. Williamson, a teenager, from precisely the kind of unscrupulous behavior giving rise to this action. First, North Carolina's Uniform Athlete Agent Act, N.C. Gen. Stat. § 78C-85 et seq. (the "UAAA") forbids an individual from acting as an athlete agent without holding a certificate of registration from the Athlete Agent Registration Office of the North Carolina Secretary of State, and specifically provides that any purported agency contract resulting from actions taken without registration is void. Neither Ms. Ford nor anyone associated with Prime

Sports is registered as an agent in North Carolina. Therefore, as a matter of law, the “marketing agent agreement” is null, void, and has no legal effect.

4. Moreover, the UAAA also precludes agents and would-be agents, like Gina Ford, from inducing a student-athlete to lose his or her eligibility unwittingly. The UAAA requires that any contract contain a conspicuous notice provision, set out in boldface type and capital letters, near the athlete’s signature line. The prominent notice must, among other things, disclose that, by signing the agreement, the athlete loses eligibility to compete as a student-athlete in his or her sport. The notice provision also must indicate that the student-athlete may cancel the contract within 14 days after signing it. Any contract that does not have such a disclaimer is voidable by the student-athlete. The agreement Defendants presented to Mr. Williamson did not include the notice provision the UAAA requires.

5. Additionally, although one would *expect* honesty from would-be agents like Gina Ford, the UAAA specifically mandates that, under the law, agents must be honest with student-athletes when seeking to induce them to enter into a representation agreement. Defendants, however, intentionally and materially misrepresented their experience and roles in representing professional athletes for the purpose of enticing Mr. Williamson to sign their marketing agent agreement.

6. Upon realizing that Defendants had misled him, Mr. Williamson promptly sent notice to Defendants that the agreement was void as a matter of law and, out of an abundance of caution, that he was voiding the agreement, as was his right under North

Carolina law. Defendants' response highlights that they were not only unqualified to act on Mr. Williamson's behalf, but that they actually intended to act only in *Defendants'* best interests. Shockingly, Defendants insisted that Mr. Williamson had already forfeited his college eligibility five days before signing the marketing agent agreement when he posted a video indicating that he intended to participate in the National Basketball Association ("NBA") draft. Defendants' characterization of Mr. Williamson's intention to participate in the NBA draft has neither a factual nor legal basis and ignores applicable NCAA and Division I rules. To make matters worse, Defendants threatened that if Mr. Williamson terminated their draconian "marketing agent agreement," they would sue Mr. Williamson for damages *in excess of one hundred million dollars*.

7. Defendants' explicit threats necessitate filing this action to obtain a judicial determination that the marketing agent agreement Mr. Williamson signed is void as a matter of law and of no force and effect. Mr. Williamson seeks a declaration that he is free from the draconian agreement Defendants induced him to sign in total disregard of his legal rights and also brings claims of fraudulent inducement and violations of the North Carolina Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act.

THE PARTIES

8. Plaintiff Zion Williamson, beginning in August 2018 and at all times relevant herein, was a citizen and resident of the State of North Carolina, residing in Durham County. Mr. Williamson currently resides in the State of Louisiana.

9. Defendant Prime Sports Marketing, LLC is a Florida limited liability company with its principal place of business in Miami, Florida. Upon information and belief, Defendant Prime Sports Marketing, LLC's members include only Defendant Gina Ford.

10. Defendant Gina Ford is, and at all times relevant herein was, a citizen and resident of the State of Florida.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

11. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a)(1) because this is an action between citizens of different states, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000 exclusive of interests and costs.

12. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this forum and a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred in this District.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

I. Background on Mr. Williamson

13. Over the past year, Zion Williamson has become a household name. Known best for his electrifying slam dunks and abounding energy, Mr. Williamson was a standout student-athlete and, following the events that gave rise to the litigation, was selected as the first overall pick in the 2019 NBA draft.

14. In high school in Spartanburg, South Carolina, Mr. Williamson led his team to three consecutive state championships from 2016-2018, earned South Carolina "Mr.

Basketball” recognition in 2018, was recognized as a McDonald’s All-American in 2018, finished runner-up for “Mr. Basketball USA” in 2018, and was a *USA Today* All-USA first team honoree in 2018.

15. Mr. Williamson enrolled as a student-athlete at Duke University (“Duke”) in 2018. During the 2018-2019 academic year, Mr. Williamson played collegiate basketball for Duke as a true freshman. During his freshman year, Mr. Williamson helped Duke win the 2019 Atlantic Coast Conference (the “ACC”) men’s basketball tournament, and was named the tournament’s most valuable player. Mr. Williamson also led Duke to the Elite Eight of the 2019 National Collegiate Athletic Association (the “NCAA”) men’s basketball tournament. As a result of his on-the-court play during the 2018-2019 collegiate basketball season, Mr. Williamson earned the ACC’s Player of the Year and Rookie of the Year honors, was awarded AP Player of the Year and *Sporting News* Men’s College Basketball Player of the Year honors, and won the Wayman Tisdale Award as National Freshman of the Year.

II. Background on Defendants

16. Prime Sports is a Florida limited liability company that has been in existence since April 1, 2018. Gina Ford is the President, Manager, and Registered Agent for service of process for Prime Sports. Ms. Ford is *not*: a registered athlete agent in the State of North Carolina, as evidenced through the publicly available list on the North Carolina Secretary of State’s website (https://www.sosnc.gov/divisions/athlete_agents/List_of_Athlete_Agents). Upon

information and belief, Ms. Ford also is not: (i) an agent certified by the National Basketball Players Association (the “NBPA”) or (ii) a registered athlete agent in her home state of Florida.

III. Defendants Contact Mr. Williamson with the Intent of Entering Into an Agency Contract with Him

17. During the first few months of 2019, Defendants repeatedly initiated contact with Mr. Williamson’s family in an effort to recruit Mr. Williamson and persuade him to sign an agency contract with them. Mr. Williamson was playing college basketball for Duke during Defendants’ solicitation of him.

18. After making initial contact in approximately early January 2019, Defendants sent numerous text messages to Mr. Williamson’s family, approached Mr. Williamson’s family before and after Duke Basketball games (despite requests to refrain from doing so), and physically travelled to Durham, North Carolina on approximately four separate occasions during the first few months of 2019 to meet with Mr. Williamson and/or his family. At least two of these meetings occurred during the 2018-2019 collegiate regular basketball season. During these meetings, Defendants provided materially false and misleading information about their alleged marketing experience and capabilities in order to induce Mr. Williamson to enter into a marketing agent agreement.

19. On April 15, 2019, Mr. Williamson posted a video on Instagram thanking his teammates and coach for an incredible year and indicating that he intended to pursue his dream and declare for the 2019 NBA draft. Although a public statement, an Instagram

posting does not cause a student-athlete to forgo his ability to return to college and continue playing collegiate basketball.

20. Ms. Ford knew and understood that Mr. Williamson was a student-athlete at least during the months that Defendants attempted to recruit him. Indeed, in a letter from her attorneys dated June 4, 2019, Ms. Ford argued that Mr. Williamson had forfeited his student-athlete status when he “declared eligible for the 2019 NBA draft *on or about April 15, 2019*” (emphasis added). A copy of this letter is attached hereto as Ex. A and incorporated herein by reference. As such, by their own admission, Defendants knew that Mr. Williamson was a student-athlete in the preceding months during which they recruited him and concede that he maintained that student-athlete status until at least April 15, 2019.

21. On April 20, 2019, Mr. Williamson entered into a marketing agent agreement with Defendants. At the time that he signed the marketing agent agreement, Mr. Williamson was a student-athlete.

IV. North Carolina’s Uniform Athlete Agents Act

22. In recognition of the vulnerability of collegiate student-athletes during their year(s) in school and when they are transitioning into professional sports, state legislatures have enacted legislation aimed at deterring charlatans and manipulative agent conduct. In 2003, North Carolina enacted the UAAA to protect student-athletes and schools from the profound consequences that can arise from signing an agency contract, including specifically issues relating to amateur status and collegiate eligibility. The UAAA sets forth provisions governing particular aspects of the student-athlete/agent relationship, including

an agent's recruitment and solicitation of student-athletes, registration requirements, and a required form of contract.

An Agent's Registration Requirement

23. The UAAA explicitly regulates the recruitment and solicitation of student-athletes, in addition to the signing of contracts. Section 78C-88 of the UAAA mandates that "an individual may not act as an athlete agent in [North Carolina] without holding a certificate of registration under G.S. 78C-90 or G.S. 78C-92." Section 78C-86 of the UAAA defines an "athlete agent" as "[a]n individual who enters into an agency contract with a student-athlete *or, directly or indirectly, recruits or solicits a student-athlete to enter into an agency contract.* The term includes an individual who represents to the public that the individual is an athlete agent." (emphasis added).

24. The UAAA defines the term "agency contract" to mean "[a]n agreement in which a student-athlete authorizes a person to negotiate or solicit on behalf of the student-athlete a professional-sports-services contract or an endorsement contract." The statute further defines an "endorsement contract" as "[a]n agreement under which a student-athlete is employed or receives consideration to use on behalf of the other party any value that the student-athlete may have because of publicity, reputation, following, or fame obtained because of athletic ability or performance." The agreement that Defendants enticed Mr. Williamson to sign is clearly an agency contract under the UAAA.

25. Mr. Williamson also was a "student-athlete" because he was, at all relevant times, "[a]n individual who engages in, is eligible to engage in, or may be eligible in the

future to engage in any intercollegiate sport.” Indeed, as described above, Mr. Williamson was playing basketball for Duke during the time period in which Defendants were soliciting him.

26. Thus, Defendants recruited and solicited Mr. Williamson, a student-athlete, to enter into an agency contract. Defendants were required under North Carolina law to hold a certificate of registration in North Carolina to do so. Yet, Defendants lacked a North Carolina certificate of registration.

27. Pursuant to Section 78C-88 of the UAAA, “[a]n agency contract resulting from conduct in violation of this section [78C-88] is void, and the athlete agent shall return any consideration received under the contract.” Thus, Defendants’ purported agreement with Mr. Williamson is void because they were not permitted under the law to enter into an agency agreement with him.

28. Defendants cannot rely on any exception to the rule to somehow save their unlawful conduct. Section 78C-88 provides only two limited exceptions to the general certification rule. Neither applies to Defendants. The first exception states: “Before being issued a certificate of registration, an individual may act as an athlete agent in this State for all purposes except signing an agency contract if: (i) a student-athlete or another person acting on behalf of the student-athlete initiates communication with the individual; and (ii) within seven days after an initial act as an athlete agent, the individual submits an application for registration as an athlete agent in this State.” The second exception provides that “[a] North Carolina licensed and resident attorney may act as an athlete agent in this

State for all purposes without registering pursuant to this section if the attorney neither advertises directly for, nor solicits, any student-athlete by representing to any person that the attorney has special experience or qualifications with regard to representing student-athletes and represents no more than two student-athletes.”

29. Defendants are not licensed agents in North Carolina or resident North Carolina attorneys, nor did they apply for registration as an athlete agent in North Carolina.

30. There are no other exceptions to the registration requirement under Section 78C-88 of the UAAA.

Required Form of Contract

31. Section 78C-94 of the UAAA sets forth certain requirements of an agency contract between an athlete agent and a student-athlete. Specifically, Section 78C-94(c) states:

(c) An agency contract must contain, in close proximity to the signature of the student-athlete, a conspicuous notice in boldface type in capital letters stating:

**WARNING TO STUDENT-ATHLETE
IF YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT:
(1) YOU SHALL LOSE YOUR ELIGIBILITY TO
COMPETE AS A STUDENT-ATHLETE IN YOUR
SPORT;
(2) IF YOU HAVE AN ATHLETIC DIRECTOR,
WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER ENTERING INTO THIS
CONTRACT, BOTH YOU AND YOUR ATHLETE
AGENT MUST NOTIFY YOUR ATHLETIC
DIRECTOR;
(3) YOU WAIVE YOUR ATTORNEY-CLIENT
PRIVILEGE WITH RESPECT TO THIS CONTRACT
AND CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATED TO IT;
AND**

(4) YOU MAY CANCEL THIS CONTRACT WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER SIGNING IT. CANCELLATION OF THIS CONTRACT SHALL NOT REINSTATE YOUR ELIGIBILITY.

32. Section 78C-94 of the statute states that, “[a]n agency contract that does not conform to this section is voidable by the student-athlete. If a student-athlete voids an agency contract, the student-athlete is not required to pay any consideration under the contract or to return any consideration received from the athlete agent to induce the student-athlete to enter into the contract.”

33. The agreement at issue in this case does not contain the statutorily required language.

34. Mr. Williamson notified Defendants that the agreement was voided.

Prohibited Conduct

35. Section 78C-98 of the UAAA sets forth nine categories of conduct that agents are prohibited from undertaking. The categories of prohibited conduct include the following four: (1) giving materially false or misleading information with the intent to induce a student-athlete to enter into an agency contract; (2) intentionally initiating contact with a student-athlete unless the athlete agent is registered as required by the UAAA; (3) intentionally failing to register as required under the UAAA; and (4) failing to notify a student-athlete before he or she signs or otherwise authenticates an agency contract that such signing or authentication shall make the student-athlete ineligible to participate in that sport. As set forth in this First Amended Complaint, Defendants engaged in all four categories of prohibited conduct.

V. Defendants Unlawfully Entered Into an Agency Contract with Mr. Williamson

36. As alleged above, as early as January 2019, *during the 2018-2019 college basketball season*, Defendants aggressively pursued Mr. Williamson, both directly and through his family. Defendants approached Mr. Williamson's family before and after basketball games, texted them repeatedly about a potential business relationship, and eventually met with Mr. Williamson and his family to discuss the prospect of entering into a marketing agent agreement.

37. At the time that Defendants first initiated contact with Mr. Williamson and his family, and at least until the date on which he entered into the marketing agent agreement, Mr. Williamson was a student-athlete, as that term is defined in the UAAA.

38. In order to induce Mr. Williamson to enter into a marketing agent agreement with Defendants, Ms. Ford made a number of representations during her recruitment, many of which Mr. Williamson later learned were untrue.

39. For example, Ms. Ford held herself out as Usain Bolt's "lead global brand marketer," responsible for (among other things) Usain Bolt's electric scooter launch in London. Ms. Ford promised Mr. Williamson and his family that she could provide the same type of global recognition for Mr. Williamson. This representation appealed to Mr. Williamson. However, as Mr. Williamson later learned, Ms. Ford's representation was untrue.

40. Upon information and belief, although Ms. Ford does, in fact, participate as a member of a team that represents Mr. Bolt, Ms. Ford is not, and never has been, Mr. Bolt's lead global brand marketer.

41. Ms. Ford also sought to induce Mr. Williamson to engage her by representing that she had served as the primary marketing agent for a number of other first and second round NBA draft picks. Mr. Williamson later found out that these representations were inaccurate and that Ms. Ford had exaggerated the nature of her business relationship with these NBA athletes. Mr. Williamson relied on Ms. Ford's materially false and misleading representations about her qualifications in choosing to engage her services.

42. On April 20, 2019, Defendants again met with Mr. Williamson and his family at his residence in Durham, North Carolina. Defendants' purpose in meeting with Mr. Williamson was to induce him to sign a certain Consulting and Joint Marketing and Branding Agreement (the "Agreement"). At this meeting, Defendants unlawfully entered into the Agreement with Mr. Williamson, who was then a student-athlete under the UAAA. A copy of the Agreement is attached hereto as Ex. B and incorporated herein by reference. Paragraph 7(a) of the Agreement identifies Gina Ford as the Prime Sports "designated individual for all purposes" of the Agreement.

43. Defendants made additional materially untrue and misleading statements and materially false promises and representations to Mr. Williamson during this April 20th meeting to induce him to sign the Agreement. During the meeting, prior to deciding to sign with Defendants, in the presence of both his mother and stepfather, Mr. Williamson asked

Ms. Ford whether he would forfeit his eligibility to return to Duke to play basketball if he signed a marketing agent agreement with Prime Sports and her. Ms. Ford assured Mr. Williamson that his signing the Agreement would have no impact on his eligibility because she was a “marketing agent not a player agent.” At the time, based on his conversation with Ms. Ford, he believed that he could sign the Agreement without forfeiting his eligibility. In reliance on this representation, which, unbeknownst to Mr. Williamson at the time, was patently wrong and incorrect, Mr. Williamson signed the Agreement.

44. The Agreement is an agency contract governed by the UAAA.

45. At the time of initiating contact with Mr. Williamson and his family to recruit Mr. Williamson and solicit him to enter into a marketing agent agreement with the Defendants, and at the time of entering into the Agreement, neither Defendant—though acting as athlete agents under the UAAA—held a certificate of registration under G.S. 78C-90 or G.S. 78C-92, as is required under Section 78C-88 of the UAAA. Also, upon information and belief, neither Defendant met either of the two limited exceptions contained in Section 78C-88, Subsections (b) and (c). The Agreement, therefore, is void under Section 78C-88(d) of the UAAA.

46. In addition to being void for failure of Defendants to meet the UAAA’s registration requirements, the Agreement is also voidable under Section 78C-94 of the UAAA because the Agreement does not include the conspicuous notice in boldface type in capital letters that Section 78C-94, Subsection (c) requires, let alone in the proximity of Mr. Williamson’s signature:

related to the matters of this Agreement. Such information includes but is not limited to, any trade secrets, business plans, strategies, and private and/or Personal information concerning the Client, his family, friends, relations, handlers, etc. Further, both parties agree that any rights, licenses, or privileges not expressly granted by this Agreement are exclusively reserved to Client.

11. Neither party may assign the rights or duties of this Agreement without the other party's prior written consent.

12. The Validity, Interpretation, and performance of this Agreement shall be controlled by and construed under the laws of the State of Florida.

13. All prior understandings and negotiations between Firm and Client, both written and oral, are void. This Agreement represents the final understanding and entire agreement between the parties. No other representation, inducement or promise has been made or relied upon by either party. This Agreement may only be altered or modified by a written mutually agreed upon and signed by both parties.



Name: Gina Ford
Title: President

AGREED to and accepted as of this ____ day of April, 2019

Client: Zion Williamson (Athlete)

By: 

Name: Zion Williamson

Firm: Prime Sports Marketing LLC

47. In addition, Defendants' conduct as described in this First Amended Complaint is prohibited under Section 78C-98 of the UAAA. Specifically, Defendants provided materially false and misleading information about their qualifications, and made materially false promises and representations that Mr. Williamson would not forfeit his eligibility, to induce him to sign the Agreement. Moreover, the Defendants intentionally initiated contact with Mr. Williamson when they did not hold certificates of registration, as required under the UAAA, and they failed to notify Mr. Williamson before he signed the Agreement that such signing would render him ineligible to participate as a student-athlete in collegiate basketball. To the contrary, they promised him that he could maintain his eligibility as a student-athlete if he signed their Agreement.

VI. Mr. Williamson Terminates the Agreement

48. After signing the Agreement, Mr. Williamson and his family became aware of Defendants' misrepresentations. Mr. Williamson and his family received feedback about Defendants from contacts in the sports industry. These contacts told Mr. Williamson and his family that Ms. Ford did not represent some of the individuals she had held herself out as representing, and that some of her representations as to the nature and scope of her prior accomplishments as a marketing agent were either grossly exaggerated or untrue. For example, Ms. Ford had misrepresented the scope of her representation of Usain Bolt, which, upon information and belief, consisted of serving as one support member of a large marketing team, rather than as the lead marketing agent. Mr. Williamson and his family also heard from industry contacts that Ms. Ford did not live up to representations and promises she made to another NBA player regarding marketing activities to be undertaken on his behalf. Mr. Williamson also learned that, contrary to Defendants' representations, he would be deemed to have forfeited his eligibility as a result of signing the Agreement.

49. Mr. Williamson and his family also became aware of the legal deficiencies in the Agreement under the North Carolina statute.

50. In early May, Mr. Williamson's family called Ms. Ford and instructed her to cease all efforts to pursue marketing opportunities for Mr. Williamson. Mr. Williamson's family confirmed this conversation and repeated this instruction in an e-mail dated May 24, 2019. A copy of this e-mail is attached hereto as Ex. C and incorporated herein by reference.

51. On May 31, 2019, Mr. Williamson's family sent a note to Defendants on Mr. Williamson's behalf terminating and voiding the Agreement effective immediately. A copy of this e-mail is attached hereto as Ex. D and incorporated herein by reference.

VII. Defendants Threaten Mr. Williamson with Litigation

52. On June 2, 2019, attorneys for Mr. Williamson sent a letter to Defendants, attached hereto as Ex. E and incorporated herein by reference (the "Williamson Cease and Desist Letter"), reiterating that the Agreement was void under the UAAA, and notifying them that that they should cease and desist from:

(1) holding yourselves out as Mr. Williamson's Global Marketing Consultant to any and all third parties; (2) holding yourselves out to any third party as an agent or representative, in any way, of Mr. Williamson; (3) contacting or responding to any third parties on behalf of Mr. Williamson; (4) contacting Mr. Williamson (or his family) to introduce any endorsement opportunities; (5) overseeing any marketing opportunities brought to or available to Mr. Williamson; (6) defining, analyzing, or costing the benefit size to Mr. Williamson of any endorsement opportunity; (7) recommending to Mr. Williamson or his family the negotiation fee parameters for any endorsement opportunity; (8) forwarding draft contracts to Mr. Williamson or his family to facilitate Mr. Williamson's review and his negotiation of the same with any endorsement entity or third party; (8) facilitating or negotiating in any way with any third party any contract, endorsement, or opportunity on behalf of Mr. Williamson; (9) joining, enabling, or facilitating Mr. Williamson or his family in any way in Mr. Williamson's negotiation of any contract, endorsement, or opportunity; (10) negotiating in any way with any third party to resolve any problems or disputes between the third party and Mr. Williamson; and (11) providing any advice to Mr. Williamson or his family on the building of Mr. Williamson's brand domestically or internationally.

53. In response, on June 4, 2019, attorneys for Defendants sent a letter stating that they believed a valid and enforceable contract still exists between the parties based on

Mr. Williamson's declaring himself eligible for the NBA draft, and that they are prepared to seek court intervention, if necessary, to protect their client's supposed rights (the "Response Letter"). A copy of the Response Letter is attached hereto as Ex. A and incorporated herein by reference.

COUNT I
(Declaratory Judgment)
(Against All Defendants)

54. Mr. Williamson re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 53 above.

55. Mr. Williamson contends that because the Defendants did not hold the proper certification in the State of North Carolina, the Agreement is void under the UAAA. Mr. Williamson further contends that the Agreement does not comply with the required form of the UAAA and is voidable because, at a minimum, it does not include the required notice provision. Mr. Williamson further contends that he has voided the Agreement. Finally, Mr. Williamson contends that Defendants have engaged in conduct specifically prohibited under the UAAA.

56. Defendants dispute that the Agreement is void or has been voided.

57. Defendants' position is set forth in their Response Letter.

58. By virtue of the foregoing, including Defendants' explicit threats contained in their Response Letter, there now exists an actual, justiciable controversy of sufficient immediacy between Mr. Williamson and Defendants relating to their respective legal rights, duties, and obligations, which controversy is ripe for adjudication.

59. Declaratory relief will resolve the legal issues between the parties pertaining to the enforceability of the Agreement, and pertaining to Defendants' conduct in inducing Mr. Williamson to sign the Agreement.

60. Mr. Williamson thus requests a judicial declaration that the Agreement is void as a matter of law and that Defendants engaged in conduct prohibited by the UAAA. Alternatively, Mr. Williamson seeks a judicial declaration that Defendants engaged in conduct prohibited by the UAAA, that the Agreement fails to meet the required form of contract under the UAAA, is therefore voidable, and that Mr. Williamson voided the Agreement.

COUNT II
(Violation of North Carolina's Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75-1.1, *et seq.*)
(Against All Defendants)

61. Mr. Williamson re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 60 above.

62. N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75-1.1 (the "NC UDTPA") declares unlawful "unfair methods of competition in or affecting commerce, and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce."

63. Defendants' conduct was in and affecting commerce and constitutes an unfair or deceptive trade practice under the NC UDTPA.

64. Specifically, Defendants' violation of the UAAA constitutes a *per se* violation of the NC UDTPA.

65. In addition, Defendants' material misrepresentations and false promises during the formation of the Agreement constitute an unfair act or practice prohibited by the NC UDTPA. Defendants' actions were immoral, unethical, and unscrupulous.

66. Moreover, Defendants' actions had the capacity and tendency to deceive and mislead, created the likelihood of deception, and did, in fact, deceive Mr. Williamson.

67. Defendants willfully, knowingly, intentionally, and voluntarily engaged in the aforementioned unfair and deceptive practices.

68. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unfair and deceptive practices, Mr. Williamson has suffered injury, including damage to his reputation as a result of association with Defendants and the threat of suit by Defendants for damages in the amount of \$100,000,000 or more.

COUNT III
(Fraudulent Inducement and Rescission)
(Against All Defendants)

69. Mr. Williamson re-alleges and incorporates by reference herein the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 68 above.

70. As alleged above, Defendants made specific and material misrepresentations to Mr. Williamson and his family that were knowingly false when made, including statements as to Ms. Ford's marketing experience and current and past representation of a number of prominent athletes.

71. Defendants made these misrepresentations with the intent to deceive Mr. Williamson and to induce him to enter into the Agreement.

72. Defendants' misrepresentations were reasonably calculated to deceive Mr. Williamson.

73. Defendants' representations did in fact deceive Mr. Williamson and induce him to enter into the Agreement.

74. Mr. Williamson reasonably relied on Defendants' statements in making his decision to enter into the Agreement.

75. If Mr. Williamson had been aware of the falsity of the misrepresentations set forth by Defendants, he would not have entered into the Agreement.

76. As a direct and proximate result of the misrepresentations made by Defendants, Mr. Williamson has suffered injury, including damage to his reputation as a result of association with Defendants and the threat of suit by Defendants for damages in the amount of \$100,000,000 or more.

77. Mr. Williamson seeks recovery of these damages and requests a judicial declaration that the Agreement is unenforceable against Mr. Williamson as a matter of law because it was obtained through fraudulent inducement.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, based upon the foregoing, Mr. Williamson hereby respectfully requests that the Court:

- a) Declare that the Agreement is void.
- b) Declare that the Agreement is unenforceable as a matter of law.

c) Enjoin Defendants from (1) holding themselves out as Mr. Williamson's Global Marketing Consultant to any and all third parties; (2) holding themselves out to any third party as an agent or representative, in any way, of Mr. Williamson; (3) contacting or responding to any third parties on behalf of Mr. Williamson; (4) contacting Mr. Williamson (or his family) to introduce any endorsement opportunities; (5) overseeing any marketing opportunities brought to or available to Mr. Williamson; (6) defining, analyzing, or costing the benefit size to Mr. Williamson of any endorsement opportunity; (7) recommending to Mr. Williamson or his family the negotiation fee parameters for any endorsement opportunity; (8) forwarding draft contracts to Mr. Williamson or his family to facilitate Mr. Williamson's review and his negotiation of the same with any endorsement entity or third party; (8) facilitating or negotiating in any way with any third party any contract, endorsement, or opportunity on behalf of Mr. Williamson or seeking to collect any monies owed to Mr. Williamson on his behalf; (9) joining, enabling, or facilitating Mr. Williamson or his family in any way in Mr. Williamson's negotiation of any contract, endorsement, or opportunity; (10) negotiating in any way with any third party to resolve any problems or disputes between the third party and Mr. Williamson; and (11) providing any advice to Mr. Williamson or his family on the building of Mr. Williamson's brand domestically or internationally.

d) Grant to Mr. Williamson all allowable damages and treble damages including pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 75-16.

e) Grant to Mr. Williamson all allowable pre-judgment and post-judgment interest as provided by law.

f) Grant to Mr. Williamson reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

g) Grant to Mr. Williamson such other and further relief as the Court deems just and appropriate.

[Signatures Follow]

This 21st day of August 2019.

/s/ John R. Wester

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*Local Rule 83.1(d) Special Appearance
filed.

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Exhibit A

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Stephen L. Drummond*
JoAnn Squillace**

June 4, 2019

VIA REGULAR MAIL AND VIA FACSIMILE: (212) 310-8007

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP

767 Fifth Avenue

New York, NY 10153-0119

Attn: Mr. Jeffrey S. Klein, Esq.

*Admitted NY, NJ, FL
**Admitted NY, NJ

Re: ZION WILLIAMSON AND PRIME SPORTS MARKETING, LLC & MS. GINA FORD

Dear Mr. Klein:

Please be advised that the Law Firm of Drummond & Squillace, PLLC and the Law Offices of Alvin L. Pittman represent Prime Sports Marketing, LLC ("PSM") and Ms. Gina Ford. We hereby acknowledge our Clients' receipt of your June 2, 2019 letter regarding the "Consulting and Joint Marketing and Branding Agreement" entered between Zion Williamson and our Clients which has been submitted to us for consideration and response.

While we will not respond to the merits of your claims individually, please be advised that your recitation to and reliance on the North Carolina Uniform Athlete Agents Act ("UAAA") is misplaced and not applicable to your Client nor to the Agreement that he voluntarily and knowingly entered into with our Clients. Your Client declared eligible for the 2019 NBA draft on or about April 15, 2019 and the subject Agreement between our respective Clients was entered into subsequent to your Client's declaration for the NBA draft. Please be advised that we reject your claims that the Agreement is void and/or voidable.

Indeed, we acknowledge your statement that your Client "does not wish to litigate" as his recognition that he clearly and intentionally breached his contract with our Clients. To resolve this matter without protracted litigation, our Client is amenable to the pursuit of an amicable resolution. However, as review of the facts, circumstances and documents in the within matter lead us to conclude that a valid and enforceable written Agreement exists between our respective Clients, be advised that, in the event we are unable to achieve an amicable resolution, our Clients are prepared to seek immediate court intervention, including injunctive relief, in order to protect their legal interests. Your Client's actions are clearly intentional and willful and evident of unlawful tortious interference with the rights, authority, business and activities of our Clients. Moreover, your Clients' willful and intentional action of selecting a new agent/marketing agent facilitated, enabled and/or authorized injurious actions by third party(ies) against our Clients which have severely damaged our Clients' reputations, character and business beyond the economic losses.

Pursuant to the valid and enforceable Agreement/contract between our respective Clients, PSM and Ms. Gina Ford (its President) properly commenced performance by lending their prestigious names and reputations to engage the marketplace in pursuit of economic opportunities/endorsements on behalf of Mr. Williamson through written and verbal communications and representations—an engagement whose success has already been illustrated by your Client's acceptance of and participation in one such opportunity procured by our Clients. Further, we understand that our Clients have generated and submitted several other multi-million-dollar endorsements/opportunities for your Client's consideration. The broadly publicized announcement made by the Creative Artists Agency ("CAA") on May 30, 2019 (with or without your Client's authorization) has caused and continues to cause significant injuries, losses and harm to our Clients as it has casted a dark and injurious cloud on the veracity and integrity of our Clients which has damaged our Clients' reputation and ability to conduct business. Indeed, you and your Client should note that the foreseeable injuries, losses, damages and harm caused (and continuing to be caused) to our Clients will likely exceed One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000.00).

Kindly advise as to whether your Client is amenable to an amicable mediation/resolution of this matter by Noon Eastern Standard Time on June 10, 2019. Should we not receive any response from you by that time, we will assume that your Client does not wish to pursue a prompt and privately negotiated resolution of this dispute and our Clients will pursue any and all legal action to protect their legal interests against your Client and against any and all other parties they deem to be responsible.

Very truly yours,


JOANN SQUILLACE, ESQ.

JS/JS
Op-01

CC: Creative Artists Agency (CAA)
405 Lexington Avenue, 19th Floor
New York, New York 10174
(212) 277-9099 (fax)

Creative Artists Agency (CAA)
2000 Avenue of the Stars
Los Angeles, California 90067
(424) 288-2900 (fax)

Ms. Lisa Josephs Metelus (Marketing Agent)
Mr. Austin Brown (NBA Agent)
C/O Creative Artists Agency (CAA)
405 Lexington Avenue, 19th Floor
New York, New York 10174
(212) 277-9099 (fax)

Ms. Lisa Josephs Metelus (Marketing Agent)
Mr. Austin Brown (NBA Agent)
C/O Creative Artists Agency (CAA)
401 Commerce Street, Penthouse
Nashville, Tennessee 37219

Ms. Lisa Josephs Metelus (Marketing Agent)
Mr. Austin Brown (NBA Agent)
C/O Creative Artists Agency (CAA)
2000 Avenue of the Stars
Los Angeles, California 90067
(424) 288-2900 (fax)

Exhibit B

PRIME SPORTS MARKETING LLC

CONSULTING and JOINT MARKETING and BRANDING AGREEMENT

This Agreement ("Agreement") between Prime Sports Marketing LLC ("Firm"), 13727 SW 152nd Street #319 Miami Fl, 33177 and

Zion Williamson

Durham, NC 27713

("Client") specifies the services for which the Client engages Firm and the terms and conditions of the engagement.

Client and Firm understand and agree that:

1. Client engages and retains Firm as Client's Global Marketing Consultant for identifying branding and endorsement opportunities, as follows:

1.1 Introducing to Client endorsement opportunities within such target market as may be specified; and to exclusively oversee all marketing opportunities brought before Client.

1.2 Defining, analyzing and costing, within the target market, the benefit size to the Client of the endorsement opportunity;

1.3 Recommending to Client the negotiation fee parameters for each endorsement opportunity;

1.4 Forwarding draft contract to Client to facilitate Client's review and his negotiation of same with endorsement entity and

joining in or enabling Client to negotiate same directly with entity;

1.5 Negotiating with any entity contracted to Client to resolve any problems that may arise in the delivery of the services and in meeting the entity's obligations to Client; and

1.6 Giving advice on the building of client's brand domestically and internationally.

1.7 Client or his appointed representative on Clients behalf, has the right, in his or her sole and absolute discretion, to refuse any agreement and have final say in regards to image, likeness, signatures, or other personal attributes, including without limitation any and all endorsements, performance of services, appearances, production companies, social media services and content monetization.

2. To promote quality workmanship and on-time performance by Firm, Client will provide Firm on a timely basis with the information and materials necessary for Firm to perform the services specified in this Agreement.

3. (a) Client agrees to pay Firm the basic fee ("Basic Fee") of fifteen percent (15%) of the gross value of any compensation, relating to endorsement or branding, in respect of any endorsement entity introduced by Firm or any outside party consistent with paragraph 1.1, brought to Client during the tenure of this Agreement. Firm will be responsible for compensating any outside party that brings an endorsement deal to Client that comes to fruition.

(b) Firm shall be entitled to receive its full Basic Fee as set forth in this Agreement in perpetuity with respect to client's "gross endorsement earnings" or other considerations earned and received after the expiration or termination of this Agreement derived from any and all engagements, contracts and agreements introduced by and

entered into or substantially negotiated by the Firm during the term of this Agreement and upon any and all extensions, modifications, renewals and substitutions thereof; and upon any resumption of such engagements, contracts and agreements which may have been discontinued during the term of this Agreement and resumed within three (3) months after the expiration of this Agreement.

(C) All cost/expenses associated with works performed by Firm and/or liabilities incurred by the Firm related to representation of Client, including but not limited to obligations incurred dealing with their parties, shall be the sole responsibility of and borne by Firm with no expectation of reimbursement or recompense by client.

4. (a) Upon termination of this Agreement, Client shall pay Firm for all amounts due Firm at that time including but not limited to any amounts due as provided in paragraph 3(a) above.

(b) The provisions of paragraphs 7 through 10 shall survive any cancellation or termination of this Agreement, whether for cause, without cause or pursuant to a cancellation or termination right provided in this Agreement.

5. Notwithstanding paragraph 3(a) above, if one or more Acts of God, force majeure or other causes beyond the parties' control renders the performance of services or provisions of material or other performance by either party impossible or delays it for six (6) months in the aggregate, either party, upon prompt written notice to title other specifying the event(s) or cause(s), will be excused from such nonperformance or delay.

6. The term of this contract shall be five (5) years, commencing upon signing of the agreement by both parties. Either party then has the right to terminate this Agreement upon thirty (30) days clear written notice to the other. However, any such termination shall be made only for cause.

7. (a) Firm and its personnel representing Client pursuant to this Agreement are independent contractors and not employees of Client. Firm agrees that the designated individual for the purpose of this contract shall be GINA FORD or such other person acceptable to Client from time to time. This agreement in no way constitutes a Management agreement.

(b) Firm carries all insurance necessary to comply with the workmen's compensation and employer's liability laws of the state(s) in which Firm's work is to be performed for Client.

8. Client will fully protect and indemnify Firm from any claim of infringement or violation of any copyright, patent, trademark or other right of any kind of any person, or any claim of libel or slander, relating to any materials supplied by Client, his employees, agents, members or guests, or any materials as to which Client is responsible for securing any necessary or desirable permissions and releases. It remains the Firm's responsibility to obtain all proper business insurances and to indemnify itself from all legal liabilities.

9. Firm warrants and guarantees that all entities and their goods introduced, and/or services rendered by Firm shall be of a quality acceptable to Client and will represent Client and his associated marks in the most favorable light possible, and likewise respect the integrity of Client's marks that have been committed for use in this Agreement. Firm warrants and guarantees that no alterations of any kind will be made to the marks provided. Firm warrants and guarantees that they will, at all times, exercise all duties in good faith and use best efforts to refrain from any comment or activity that will disparage or defile the name, marks, likeness, or brand of the Client being used in the works defined by this Agreement. This warrant and guarantee shall endure beyond the term of this Agreement: in fact, it shall endure until end of time.

10. The parties signed hereto covenant to keep, protect, and hold confidential all information shared between the parties that is

PRIME SPORTS MARKETING LLC

related to the matters of this Agreement. Such information includes but is not limited to, any trade secrets, business plans, strategies, and private and/or Personal information concerning the Client, his family, friends, relations, handlers, ect. Further, both parties agree that any rights, licenses, or privileges not expressly granted by this Agreement are exclusively reserved to Client.

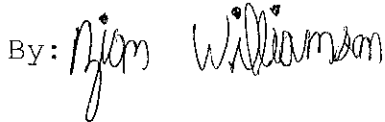
11. Neither party may assign the rights or duties of this Agreement without the other party's prior written consent.

12. The Validity, interpretation, and performance of this Agreement shall be controlled by and construed under the laws of the State of Florida.

13. All prior understandings and negotiations between Firm and Client, both written and oral, are void. This Agreement represents the final understanding and entire agreement between the parties. No other representation, inducement or promise has been made or relied upon by either party. This Agreement may only be altered or modified by a written mutually agreed upon and signed by both parties.

AGREED to and accepted as of this ____ day of April, 2019

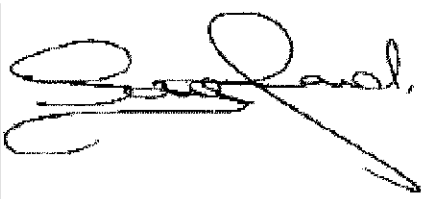
Client: Zion Williamson (Athlete)

By: 

Name: Zion Williamson

Firm: Prime Sports Marketing LLC

PRIME SPORTS MARKETING LLC

By: 

Name: Gina Ford

Title: President

Letter Of Authorization

April 20th, 2019

Prime Sports Marketing
Gina Ford
13727 SW 152nd Street #319
Miami FL 33177

I Zion Williamson effective immediately appoint Gina Ford as my Global Marketing Agent. I grant full permission to Gina Ford to negotiate and secure opportunities on my behalf and to work together to determine how to best position our efforts going forward. I look forward to working with you and believe your guidance will be instrumental in assisting me with achieving my long term goals.

Sincerely,

Zion Williamson (Athlete)
ID:

Exhibit C

From: Sharonda Sampson <[REDACTED]@yahoo.com>
To: Gina Ford <ginaford@bellsouth.net>
Sent: Friday, May 24, 2019, 2:48:47 AM EDT
Subject: Notes from meeting

Gina

Per our conversation, please refrain from speaking to any brands or brand sponsors concerning Zion Williamson until further notified. If you have any questions please contact us.

Thanks.
Lee & Sharonda Anderson

Exhibit D

From: Sharonda Sampson [REDACTED]@yahoo.com>
To: Gina Ford <ginaford@bellsouth.net>
Sent: Friday, May 31, 2019, 3:56:41 PM EDT
Subject: Marketing for Zion Williamson

May 31th, 2019

Dear Gina

Please let this email serve as notice that the Consulting and Joint Marketing and Branding Agreement entered into between me, Zion Williamson, and Prime Sports Marketing LLC is hereby terminated and voided effective immediately. Per my prior note and email, you are to cease all efforts and outreach on my behalf.

Thank you.

Zion Williamson

Exhibit E

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP

767 Fifth Avenue
New York, NY 10153-0119
+1 212 310 8000 tel
+1 212 310 8007 fax

Jeffrey S. Klein
+1 (212) 310-8790
Jeffrey.Klein@weil.com

June 2, 2019

VIA E-MAIL (ginaford@bellsouth.net) and U.S. MAIL

Prime Sports Marketing LLC
c/o Gina Ford
13727 SW 152nd Street
#319
Miami, FL 33177

Re: *Cease and Desist Letter*

Dear Ms. Ford:

We represent Zion Williamson. We have been informed that on April 20, 2019, Prime Sports Marketing LLC (“PSM”) executed a certain Consulting and Joint Marketing and Branding Agreement (the “PSM Agreement”) with Mr. Williamson. Paragraph 7(a) of the PSM Agreement identifies you—Gina Ford—as the PSM “designated individual for all purposes” of the PSM Agreement. Your dealings with Mr. Williamson and the PSM Agreement violate North Carolina’s Uniform Athlete Agents Act (the “UAAA”), rendering the PSM Agreement invalid and unenforceable and your conduct subject to the remedial provisions set forth in the UAAA.

Section 78C-88 of the UAAA mandates that an individual cannot act as an athlete agent in North Carolina without having the necessary registration. According to the list of athlete agents on North Carolina’s Secretary of State website, you are not a registered athlete agent. As a result, the PSM Agreement is rendered void pursuant to the UAAA. Under these circumstances, the UAAA expressly requires that you and PSM return any consideration you may have received under the contract.

Even if you were a registered athlete agent under the UAAA, which you are not, the PSM Agreement itself does not meet the required obligations of Section 78C-94 of the UAAA, and is – again – therefore void. Specifically, the required notice provisions identified in Section 78C-94(c) of the UAAA do not appear anywhere in the PSM Agreement, let alone on page 5—the page on which Mr. Williamson’s signature appears. The UAAA provides that under these circumstances, the PSM Agreement is voidable by the student-athlete. Moreover, if the student-athlete voids the agency contract, which Mr. Williamson has, the student-athlete is not required to pay any consideration under the contract or to return any consideration received from the athlete agent to induce the student-athlete to enter into the contract.

In addition to PSM’s and your statutory obligations, both PSM and you have additional common law duties which prohibit you both from wrongfully inducing Mr. Williamson to enter into the PSM

Agreement. Suffice it to say, you made certain representations to Mr. Williamson to induce him to enter into the PSM Agreement such that the circumstances under which Mr. Williamson's signature was procured were unconscionable, based on false and/or misleading information, and completely antithetical to both the spirit of the statute and basic contract principles.

At this time, my client seeks only to advise you that the PSM Agreement is void and agree to an amicable resolution; my client does not wish to litigate. However, in the absence of a prompt and satisfactory resolution of the current situation, my client is prepared to assert his legal rights because the PSM Agreement was a shameful overreach by an unregistered athlete agent which caused profound adverse consequences for him.

Given the foregoing, and Mr. Williamson's May 31, 2019 notice voiding the PSM Agreement, Mr. Williamson demands that you and PSM immediately cease and desist: (1) holding yourselves out as Mr. Williamson's Global Marketing Consultant to any and all third parties; (2) holding yourselves out to any third party as an agent or representative, in any way, of Mr. Williamson; (3) contacting or responding to any third parties on behalf of Mr. Williamson; (4) contacting Mr. Williamson (or his family) to introduce any endorsement opportunities; (5) overseeing any marketing opportunities brought to or available to Mr. Williamson; (6) defining, analyzing, or costing the benefit size to Mr. Williamson of any endorsement opportunity; (7) recommending to Mr. Williamson or his family the negotiation fee parameters for any endorsement opportunity; (8) forwarding draft contracts to Mr. Williamson or his family to facilitate Mr. Williamson's review and his negotiation of the same with any endorsement entity or third party; (8) facilitating or negotiating in any way with any third party any contract, endorsement, or opportunity on behalf of Mr. Williamson; (9) joining, enabling, or facilitating Mr. Williamson or his family in any way in Mr. Williamson's negotiation of any contract, endorsement, or opportunity; (10) negotiating in any way with any third party to resolve any problems or disputes between the third party and Mr. Williamson; and (11) providing any advice to Mr. Williamson or his family on the building of Mr. Williamson's brand domestically or internationally. We ask that you respond to this letter no later than **5:00 p.m. EDT on June 4, 2019**, and confirm in writing that you and PSM will cease all such activity.

Mr. Williamson reserves and does not waive any of his legal rights or remedies, in law and equity. All communications regarding this matter should be addressed exclusively to the undersigned.

Sincerely,



Jeffrey S. Klein